WATERTOWN

RETIREMENT SYSTEM AUDIT REPORT

JAN. 1, 2013 - DEC. 31, 2016





COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS | PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT ADMINISTRATION COMMISSION

PHILIP Y. BROWN, ESQ., Chairman

JOHN W. PARSONS, ESQ., Executive Director

Auditor SUZANNE M. BUMP | KATHLEEN M. FALLON | KATE FITZPATRICK | JAMES M. MACHADO | ROBERT B. McCARTHY | JENNIFER F. SULLIVAN

September 6, 2019

Thomas V. Thibaut, Jr, Chairman Watertown Retirement Board 149 Main Street Watertown, MA 02472

Dear Chairman Thibaut:

The Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission (PERAC) has completed a review of the audits of the Watertown Retirement System conducted by the firm of Melanson Heath in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 32, Section 21 of the Massachusetts General Laws. The audits covered the period from January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2016. These audits were determined to be conducted in accordance with the accounting and management standards established by PERAC in regulation 840 CMR 25.00 and in compliance with the provisions specified in PERAC Memo # 20 / 2008.

We conducted an inspection of the work papers prepared by Melanson Heath. We determined that the audits were conducted in a competent professional manner and the work papers demonstrated that audit tests and procedures were performed in sufficient detail to allow us to accept the final audit report as issued.

We identified specific differences between these financial audits designed to provide an opinion on financial statements and our compliance audits designed to ensure adherence with Chapter 32 and related statutes and regulations specific to Massachusetts public pension systems.

Accordingly, we supplemented the field work conducted in the audits by Melanson Heath with certain limited procedures designed to provide additional assurance that the accounting and management standards established by PERAC were adhered to and complied with. The specific objectives of our review were to determine: 1) that the Board is exercising appropriate fiduciary oversight, 2) that cash balances are properly reflected, 3) that investment manager contracts were procured in compliance with the provisions of Section 23B of Chapter 32, and management fees paid were in accordance with the executed contract, 4) that expenses were properly documented and accounted for, 5) that retirement contributions are accurately deducted, and 6) that retirement allowances were correctly calculated.

> FIVE MIDDLESEX AVENUE, SUITE 304 | SOMERVILLE, MA 02145 PH 617 666 4446 | FAX 617 628 4002 | TTY 617 591 8917 | WWW.MASS.GOV/PERAC





To achieve these objectives, we inspected certain records of the Watertown Retirement Board in the above areas. Specifically, we reviewed the minutes of the Board meetings for compliance with fiduciary oversight, verified cash balances, and tested a sample of expenses for Board approvals, supporting documentation and proper accounting. We reviewed procurement files for contracts awarded to investment managers and confirmed that all required documents were maintained. We also calculated the management fees due per the contract and compared these amounts to the fees invoiced by the manager. We tested the payroll records of a sample of active members to confirm that the correct percentage of regular compensation is being deducted, including the additional two percent over \$30,000. We also tested a sample of members who retired during our audit period to verify that their retirement allowance was correctly calculated in accordance with the statute.

In our opinion, the financial records are being maintained and the management functions are being performed in conformity with the standards established by PERAC.

We commend the Watertown Retirement Board for the exemplary operation of the system.

It should be noted that the financial statements included in this audit report were based on the work performed and the tests conducted for the periods referenced in their opinion. These audits were not performed by employees or representatives of PERAC. It should also be noted that the opinions expressed in these audit reports were based on the laws and regulations in effect at the time.

The financial statements and footnotes presented in this report were limited to the express results as of and for the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015, December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

In closing, I wish to acknowledge the work of Melanson Heath, who conducted these examinations, PERAC examiners, Carol Poladian and Karen Casper, who conducted limited procedures to supplement the field work, and express my appreciation to the Watertown Board and staff for their courtesy and cooperation.

Sincerely,

John W. Parsons, Esq. Executive Director

WATERTOWN, MASSACHUSETTS CONTRIBUTORY RETIREMENT SYSTEM

(A Component Unit of the Town of Watertown, Massachusetts)

Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, and Other Information

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>PAGE</u>
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	6
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	7
Notes to Financial Statements	8
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability	19
Schedules of Net Pension Liability, Contributions, and Investment Returns	20
OTHER INFORMATION	
Independent Auditors' Report	21
Schedule of Employer Allocations	23
Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer	24



10 New England Business Center Dr. • Suite 107 Andover, MA 01810 (978)749-0005 melansonheath.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Retirement System Board Town of Watertown, Massachusetts

Additional Offices: Nashua, NH Manchester, NH Greenfield, MA Ellsworth, ME

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Watertown, Massachusetts Contributory Retirement System (the System), a component unit of the Town of Watertown, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The System's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies

used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the fiduciary net position of the System as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in fiduciary net position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedules of Changes in the Net Pension Liability, of Net Pension Liability, of Contributions, and of Investment Returns, listed in the foregoing table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with evidence sufficient to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

July 23, 2018

Melanson Heath

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Watertown Contributory Retirement System, we offer readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the System for the year ended December 31, 2016. Unless otherwise noted, all amounts in the Management's Discussion and Analysis are expressed in thousands.

A. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements comprise two components: (1) fund financial statements and (2) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Fund financial statements</u>. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position presents information on the System's assets and liabilities and the resulting net position held in trust for pension benefits. This statement reflects the System's investments at fair value, as well as cash, receivables and other assets and liabilities.

The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position presents information showing how the System's net position available for benefits changed during the year ended December 31, 2016. It reflects contributions by members and participating employers along with deductions for retirement benefits, refunds and transfers, and administrative expenses. Investment income during the period is also presented showing income from investing.

The Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential for the reader to gain a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

The Required Supplemental Information includes this management's discussion and analysis and Schedules of Changes in the Net Pension Liability, of Net Pension Liability, of Contributions, and of Investment Returns.

B. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The System's total net position available for benefits was \$154,712,292 at December 31, 2016.
- The System's net position increased by \$14,085,681 which is primarily due to increased employer contributions and investment performance.

- Employer and employee contributions to the plan were \$19,063,596 which represents a \$1,847,059 increase over the preceding year. The employer share of contributions represents 82% of the total contributions.
- Benefits paid to plan participants were \$13,657,115. At December 31, 2016, there were 413 retirees and beneficiaries in receipt of pension benefits.
- The System's funded ratio as of the December 31, 2016 actuarial report was 78.2%.

C. FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS

The following is a summary of financial statement data for the current and prior fiscal years. Amounts are in the thousands.

FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

<u> </u>		
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Assets		
Cash and receivables Investments	\$ 1,695 	\$ 1,298
Total assets	154,745	140,667
Liabilities Accrued payroll and other	33	40
Net Position	\$ 154,712	\$ 140,627
CHANGES IN FIDUC	CIARY NET POSITION	
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Additions		
Contributions Investment Income, net	\$ 19,544 <u>9,116</u>	\$ 17,754 1,613_
Total Additions	28,660	19,367
Deductions		
Benefit payments Other	13,657 918_	12,584 776_
Total Deductions	14,575_	13,360_
Changes in net position	14,085	6,007
Net position - beginning of year	140,627	134,620
Net position - end of year	\$ 154,712	\$ 140,627

The System's total assets as of December 31, 2016 were \$154,745,604 and were mostly comprised of cash and investments. Total assets increased \$14,079,018 or

10% from the prior year primarily due to investment performance. Total liabilities as of December 31, 2016 were \$33,312. Total liabilities decreased by \$(6,662) or 17% over the prior year.

The System was 78.2% funded based on its actuarial valuation of January 1, 2017 with six years remaining in its amortization period.

The amount needed to finance benefits is accumulated through the collection of employers' and employee's contributions, reimbursements from the Commonwealth of Massachusetts for pre-1998 COLA and through earnings on investments. Contributions and net investment gain for calendar year 2016 resulted in a net gain of \$28,660,233. Employer's contributions increased by \$1,575,000. The System had net investment gain of \$9,115,979 in 2016 versus a gain of \$1,613,405 in 2015.

The primary deductions of the System include the payment of pension benefits to participants and beneficiaries, refunds of contributions, and the costs of administering the System. Total deductions for 2016 were \$14,574,548, which represents an increase of 9% over deductions of \$13,360,350 in 2015. The payment of pension benefits increased by \$1,073,591 or 8.5% over the previous year. The increase in these expenses resulted primarily from the annual COLA increases received by retirees and their beneficiaries as well as additional retirees.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Watertown Contributory Retirement System's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to:

Watertown Contributory Retirement System
149 Main Street
Watertown, Massachusetts 02472

TOWN OF WATERTOWN, MASSACHUSETTS CONTRIBUTORY RETIREMENT SYSTEM

(A Component Unit of the Town of Watertown, Massachusetts)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

December 31, 2016

ASSETS

Cash and short-term investments	\$	1,108,346
Investments		153,049,713
Accounts receivable	-	587,545
Total Assets	\$	154,745,604
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
Accrued payroll	\$	18,156
Other liabilities		15,156
Total Liabilities		33,312
Net position restricted for pensions		154,712,292
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$.	154,745,604

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

TOWN OF WATERTOWN, MASSACHUSETTS CONTRIBUTORY RETIREMENT SYSTEM

(A Component Unit of the Town of Watertown, Massachusetts)

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Additions:		
Contributions: Employers Plan members Other systems and Commonwealth of Massachusetts Other	\$	15,598,496 3,465,100 462,263 18,391
Total contributions		19,544,250
Investment income: Appreciation in fair value of investments Less: management fees		10,170,886 (1,054,907)
Net investment gain	_	9,115,979
Total additions		28,660,229
Deductions: Benefit payments to plan members and beneficiaries Refunds to plan members Transfers to other systems Administrative expenses	_	13,657,115 133,575 516,751 267,107
Total deductions	_	14,574,548
Net increase (decrease)		14,085,681
Net position restricted for pensions: Beginning of year		140,626,611
End of year	\$_	154,712,292

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

WATERTOWN CONTRIBUTORY RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Description of Plan

Substantially all employees of the Town of Watertown (except teachers and administrators under contract employed by the School Department) and Watertown Housing Authority are members of the Watertown Contributory Retirement System (the System), a cost sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system (PERS). Eligible employees must participate in the System. The pension plan provides pension benefits, deferred allowances, and death and disability benefits. Chapter 32 of the Massachusetts General Laws establishes the authority of the System, contribution percentages and benefits paid. The System Retirement Board does not have the authority to amend benefit provisions.

Membership of the plan consisted of the following at January 1, 2017 (the latest actuarial valuation):

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	413
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefits	156
Active plan members	569
Total	1,138
Number of participating employers	2

Participant Contributions

Participants contribute a set percentage of their gross regular compensation annually. Employee contribution percentages are specified in Chapter 32 of the Massachusetts General Laws. The employee's individual contribution percentage is determined by their date of entry into the system. In addition, all employees hired on or after January 1, 1979 contribute an additional 2% on all gross regular compensation over the rate of \$30,000 per year. The percentages are as follows:

Before January 1, 1975	5%
January 1, 1975 - December 31, 1983	7%
January 1, 1984 - June 30, 1996	8%
Beginning July 1, 1996	9%

For those members entering a Massachusetts System on or after April 2, 2012 in Group 1, the contribution rate will be reduced to 6% when at least 30 years of creditable service has been attained.

Employer Contributions

Employers are required to contribute at actuarially determined rates as accepted by the Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission (PERAC).

Participant Retirement Benefits

The System provides for retirement allowance benefits up to a maximum of 80% of a member's highest three-year average annual rate of regular compensation for those hired prior to April 2, 2012 and the highest five-year average annual rate of regular compensation for those first becoming members of the Massachusetts System on or after that date. However, per Chapter 176 of the Acts of 2011, for members who retire on or after April 2, 2012, if in the 5 years of creditable service immediately preceding retirement, the difference in the annual rate of regular compensation between any 2 consecutive years exceeds 100 percent, the normal yearly amount of the retirement allowance shall be based on the average annual rate of regular compensation received by the member during the period of 5 consecutive years preceding retirement. Benefit payments are based upon a member's age, length of creditable service, level of compensation and group classification.

A retirement allowance may be received at any age, upon attaining 20 years of service. The plan also provides for retirement at age 55 if the participant was a member prior to January 1, 1978, with no minimum vesting requirements. If the participant was a member on or after January 1, 1978 and a member of Groups 1 or 2, then a retirement allowance may be received if the participant (1) has at least 10 years of creditable service, (2) is age 55, (3) voluntarily left Town employment on or after that date, and (4) left accumulated annuity deductions in the fund. Members of Group 4, have no minimum vesting requirements, however, must be at least age 55. Groups 2 and 4 require that participants perform the duties of the Group position for at least 12 months immediately prior to retirement.

A participant who became a member on or after April 2, 2012 is eligible for a retirement allowance upon 10 years creditable service and reaching ages 60 or 55 for Groups 1 and 2, respectively. Participants in Group 4 must be at least age 55. Groups 2 and 4 require that participants perform the duties of the Group position for at least 12 months immediately prior to retirement.

A retirement allowance consists of two parts: an annuity and a pension. A member's accumulated total deductions and a portion of the interest they generate constitute the annuity. The difference between the total retirement allowance and the annuity is the pension. The average retirement benefit is approximately 80-85% pension and 15-20% annuity.

Participant Refunds

Employees who resign from service and who are not eligible to receive a retirement allowance are entitled to request a refund of their accumulated total deductions. Members voluntarily withdrawing with at least 10 years of service or involuntarily withdrawing, receive 100% of the regular interest that has accrued on those accumulated total deductions. Members voluntarily withdrawing with less than 10 years of service get credited interest each year at a rate of 3%.

2. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

The System is a member of the Massachusetts Contributory Retirement Systems and is governed by Chapter 32 of the Massachusetts General Laws. Because of the significance of its operational and financial relationship with the Town, the System is included as a pension trust fund in the Town's basic financial systems. The system is governed by a five-member board. The five members include two appointed by the town, two elected by the members and retirees, and a fifth member chosen by the other four members with the approval of the Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the System as reflected in the accompanying financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016 conform to generally accepted accounting principles for public employee retirement systems (PERS). The more significant accounting policies of the System are summarized below:

Basis of Accounting

The System follows accounting policies mandated by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The accounting records are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions from the Town's employees are recognized as revenue in the period in which employees provide services to the Town.

<u>Investments</u>

Investment Policy

Investments are reported at fair value in accordance with PERAC requirements. System assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension plan.

Rate of Return

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expenses, was 6.68%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

3. Cash and Short-Term Investments

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's and Contributory Retirement System's (the System) deposits may not be returned. Massachusetts General Law Chapter 32, Section 23, limits the System's deposits "in a bank or trust company to an amount not exceeding ten percent of the capital and surplus of such bank or trust company." The Town and System do not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

As of December 31, 2016, \$827,370 of the System's bank balance of \$1,332,977 was exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured, uncollateralized, and collateral held by pledging bank's trust department not in the System's name.

The System's investments are exposed to custodial credit risk because the related securities are uninsured, unregistered and held by the System's brokerage firm, which is also the counterparty to these securities. This risk is managed by the custodian's errors and omissions policy and securities are reported as separately identifiable securities with individual CUSIP numbers.

4. Investments

A. Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. Massachusetts General Law, Chapter 32, Section 23, limits the investment of System funds, to the extent not required for current disbursements, in the PRIT Fund or in securities, other than mortgages or collateral loans, which are legal for the investment of funds in savings banks under the laws of the Commonwealth, provided that no more than the established percentage of assets, is invested in any one security.

As of December 31, 2016, \$93,939,345 of the System's investment balance of \$153,049,713 was exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured, uncollateralized, and collateral held by pledging bank's trust department not in the System's name.

The total value of investments of \$94,439,345 is held in debt and equity mutual funds which are exempt from rating disclosure. However, \$22,709,877 is held in a corporate bond fund with an average S&P rating of AA.

B. Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The System does not have policies for custodial credit risk.

The System manages this risk by investing in PRIT, having Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) coverage, excess SIPC coverage, and by holding assets in separately identifiable trusts.

C. Concentration of Credit Risk

Massachusetts General Law Chapter 32, Section 23 limits the amount the System may invest in any one issuer or security type, with the exception of the PRIT Fund.

The System has multiple investments in one issuer greater than 5% of total investments.

IR + M Core Bond Fund	\$ 22,709,877
WTC CIF Opp Invest Alloc	\$ 9,676,118
Prit Hedge Funds	\$ 11,350,734
Prit Domestic Equity Fund	\$ 12,158,767
Prit Core Real Estate Fund	\$ 13,743,766
Earnest Partners International	\$ 11,037,166

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The System does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

E. Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in foreign exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The System does not have policies for foreign currency risk.

F. Fair Value

The System categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72 Fair Value Measurement and Application (GASB 72). The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Out of the \$153,049,713 of total investments, \$58,610,368 are measured based on net asset value.

pased on het asset value.			Fair Value Measurements Using:				
						10 INICACA, CITICINA	<u> </u>
			(Quoted prices in active		Cinnifiant	Cignificant
				markets for		Significant observable	Significant unobservable
			ic	markets for lentical assets		inputs	inputs
Description		Value	IC	(Level 1)		(Level 2)	(Level 3)
<u>Description</u>		<u>value</u>		(Level I)		(Level 2)	(Level o)
Investments by fair value level:							
Debt securities			_		_	00 700 077	
Corporate bonds	\$	22,709,877	\$	-	\$	22,709,877	-
Equity securities		00.050.050		00.050.050			
Equity mutual funds		62,053,350		62,053,350		-	-
Domestic stock funds Subtotal	-	9,676,118 94,439,345	·	9,676,118 71,729,468	Φ.	22,709,877	
Subtotal		94,438,343	Φ=	71,729,400	- Ψ		
						Redemption	
Investments measured at				Unfunded		Frequency (If	Redemption
the net asset value (NAV):				Commitments		Currently Eligible)	Notice Period
External Investment Pools:		10.004.074		0.500.050		8.4 U. F	20 -1
PRIT		40,901,871		6,589,656		Monthly	30 days N/A
						Vintage Year:	IV/A
Marked Davids and the						Illiquid	
Limited Partnerships Arsenal real estate fund		493,763				Illiquid	N/A
		323,229		795,000		Illiquid	N/A
Auda partners Earnest partners international		11,037,098		7 90,000		Monthly	5 days
Guggenheim high yield fund		4,172,781		_		Monthly	30 days
Intercontinental real estate		282,322		-		Illiquid	N/A
New Boston institutional		18,783		_		Illiquid	N/A
RCP Fund		1,380,521		-		Illiquid	N/A
Subtotal	-	58,610,368	•			•	
Total	\$	153,049,713	•				
TOTAL	Ψ=	100,010,710	:				

5. Accounts Receivable

Annually the Public Employee Retirement Administration (PERAC) determines the amount of employer contributions (pension appropriations) to be made

to the System. The accounts receivable balance represents primarily legal amounts due from employers for pension appropriation not received until after December 31, 2016.

6. Accrued Payroll/Other Liabilities

This balance represents payment for salaries paid by the Town of Watertown on behalf of the System.

7. Contingencies

There are various pending claims arising in the ordinary course of operations; however, management believes that the probable liability resulting from such claims and litigation would not materially affect the System's financial position.

8. Net Pension Liability of Participating Employers

The net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation dated January 1, 2017 for December 31, 2016.

The components of the net pension liability of the participating employers at December 31, 2016 were as follows:

A. Net Pension Liability of Employers

Total pension liability	\$	197,794,002
Plan fiduciary net position	_	(154,712,292)
Employers' net pension liability	\$_	43,081,710
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of		
total pension liability		78.22%

B. Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation is shown below:

Valuation Date	1/1/2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.90%
Projected salary increases	3.50%
Inflation rate	2.25%
Post-retirement cost-of-living adjustment	3.00%

Actuarial valuation of the ongoing Systems involves estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality and future salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Mortality rates were based on both pre-retirement and beneficiary RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table for males and females, adjusted to Scale MP-2016. Mortality for disabled members is represented by the RP-2000 Mortality Table set forward two years for all disabled members. Generational adjusting is based on Scale MP-2016.

C. Target Allocations

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's targeted asset allocation as of December 31, 2016, are summarized in the following table.

Asset Class	Target Asset <u>Allocation</u>	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Core Fixed Income	20.00%	1.75%
High Yield Fixed Income	2.50%	3.25%
Global Fixed Income	2.50%	2.00%
Domestic Large Cap	25.00%	5.60%
Domestic Small Cap	5.00%	5.90%
International Equity	22.50%	5.80%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.25%
Hedge Funds	7.50%	3.60%
Private Equity	5.00%	7.25%
Total	100.00%	
Inflation	2.25%	

D. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that

contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rates by Statute. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

E. Sensitivity of Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.90%, as well as what the participating employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.90%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.90%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Discount
Year Ended	<u>(6.90%)</u>	<u>(7.90%)</u>	<u>(8.90%)</u>
December 31, 2016	\$ 63,141,296	\$ 43,081,710	\$ 25,980,882

F. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The following schedule reflects the deferred outflows/inflows of resources for the System for the year ended December 31, 2016:

	•	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	8,658,951	\$	
Changes of assumptions		-		1,502,232
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		8,499,883		m
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate		400 047		400.047
share of contributions	_	168,647	-	168,647
Total	\$	17,327,481	\$_	1,670,879

The following summarizes changes in deferred outflows/inflows, excluding employer-specific amounts:

				Beginning			Amortization	
				Balance		Current	of Amounts	
				on Prior	ſ	Measurement	Recognized in	
	Measurement	Amortization	M	leasurement	t	Period	Current Period	End of Year
	<u>Year</u>	<u>Period</u>	Pe	riod Deferra	<u>Is</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Pension Expense	<u>Balance</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Net difference between projected an actual earnings on pension plan investments	d 2015	5	\$	1,410,377	\$		\$ (470,126) \$	940,251
Net difference between projected an actual earnings on pension plan investments	d 2016	5		7,275,192		•	(1,818,799)	5,456,393
Net difference between projected an actual earnings on pension plan investments	d 2017	5		-		2,629,049	(525,810)	2,103,239
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	2016	4.54		8,850	*	-	(2,500)	6,350
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	2017	4.54		-		208,144	(45,847)	162,297
Changes in experience	2017	4.54		_		11,104,982	(2,446,031)	8,658,951
Total Deferred Outflows of Resource	es.		\$	8,694,419	-	13,942,175	\$ (5,309,113) \$	17,327,481
<u>Deferred (Inflows) of Resources:</u> Changes in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between contributions	2017	4.54	\$	-	\$	(1,926,591)	\$ 424,359 \$	5 (1,502,232)
and proportionate share of contributions Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of	2016	4.54		(8,850))	-	2,500	(6,350)
contributions	2017	4.54	_	-	_	(208,144)	45,847	(162,297)
Total Deferred (Inflows) of Resource	! S		\$_	(8,850)) \$	(2,134,735)	\$ 472,706	(1,670,879)

^{*} Adjusted from prior year schedule

The following schedule reflects the amortization of the balance of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, excluding employer-specific amounts, for the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings (in thousands):

Year ended June 30:	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
2017	\$ 5,309,112	\$ (466,966)
2018	5,309,112	(466,966)
2019	5,309,112	(466,966)
2020	 1,400,145	(269,981)
Total	\$ 17,327,481	\$ (1,670,879)

TOWN OF WATERTOWN, MASSACHUSETTS CONTRIBUTORY RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability

(Unaudited)

		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>
Total pension liability Service cost Interest on unfunded liability - time value of \$ Changes in plan provisions Experience loss Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	\$	3,895,597 14,442,636 778,002 11,104,982 (1,926,591) (14,006,492)	\$	3,895,599 14,615,997 - - - (13,810,095)	\$	3,745,767 14,213,781 - - - - (13,081,678)
Net change in total pension liability	-	14,288,134		4,701,501		4,877,870
Total pension liability - beginning	_	183,505,868	_	178,804,367	_	173,926,497
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	197,794,002	\$	183,505,868	\$_	178,804,367
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expense Other	\$	15,598,496 3,465,100 8,827,366 (14,006,492) (279,447) 480,658	\$	14,023,496 3,193,042 1,842,184 (13,288,770) (300,358) 537,085	\$	12,465,133 3,186,332 7,674,151 (12,587,850) (279,447) 487,925
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		14,085,681		6,006,679		10,946,244
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		140,626,611		134,619,932	-	123,673,688
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	154,712,292	\$	140,626,611	\$	134,619,932
Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a-b)	\$	43,081,710	\$	42,879,257	\$	44,184,435

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TOWN OF WATERTOWN, MASSACHUSETTS CONTRIBUTORY RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Schedules of Net Pension Liability, Contributions, and Investment Returns

(Unaudited)

Schedule of Net Pension Liability				
		<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	197,794,002 154,712,292	\$ 183,505,868 140,626,611	\$ 178,804,367 134,619,930
Net pension liability (asset)	\$_	43,081,710	\$ 42,879,257	\$ 44,184,437
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		78.2%	76.6%	75.3%
Covered payroll	\$	35,192,067	\$ 31,539,610	\$ 30,326,548
Participating employer net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		122.4%	136.0%	145.7%
Schedule of Contributions		<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	15,598,496 15,598,496	\$ 14,023,496 14,023,496	\$ 12,448,496 12,448,496
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$	35,192,067	\$ 31,539,610	\$ 30,326,548
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		44.3%	44.5%	41,0%
Schedule of Investment Returns Year Ended December 31		<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Annual money weighted rate of return, net of investment expense		6.68%	0.78%	6.42%

Schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.



10 New England Business Center Dr. • Suite 107 Andover, MA 01810 (978)749-0005 melansonheath.com

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Retirement System Board Town of Watertown, Massachusetts Additional Offices: Nashua, NH Manchester, NH Greenfield, MA Flisworth, MF

Report on Schedules

We have audited the accompanying schedule of employer allocations of the Watertown Contributory Retirement System as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016. We have also audited the total for all entities of the columns titled net pension liability, total deferred outflows of resources, total deferred inflows of resources, and total pension expense (specified column totals) included in the accompanying schedule of pension amounts by employer of the Watertown Contributory Retirement System as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Management's Responsibility for the Schedules

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these schedules in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the schedules that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on the schedule of employer allocations and the specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the schedule of employer allocations and specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the schedule of employer allocations and specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the schedule of employer allocations and specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer, whether due to fraud or

error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the schedule of employer allocations and specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the schedule of employer allocations and specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the schedules referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the employer allocations and net pension liability, total deferred outflows of resources, total deferred inflows of resources, and total pension expense for the total of all participating entities for the Watertown Contributory Retirement System as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Restriction on Use

Melanson Heath

Our report is intended solely for the information and use of Watertown Contributory Retirement System management, the Retirement Board, System employers and their auditors as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016 and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

July 23, 2018

TOWN OF WATERTOWN, MASSACHUSETTS CONTRIBUTORY RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER ALLOCATIONS

	FY 2018	
	Required	Employer
	Employer	Allocation
Employer	Contributions	Percentage*
Town	\$ 15,311,356	98.14%
Housing	287,140	<u> 1.86%</u>
Total	\$ <u>15,598,496</u>	100.00%

^{*}Calculated percentages differ from amounts shown by immaterial amounts.

See actuarial assumptions in the Town of Watertown, Massachusetts (Contributory Retirement System) audited financial statements.

TOWN OF WATERTOWN, MASSACHUSETTS CONTRIBUTORY RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHEDULE OF PENSION AMOUNTS BY EMPLOYER

As of and for the year ended December 31, 2016

			Deferred Outflows			of Re	sources			Deferred inflows of Resources					Pension Expense							
			c	hanges in									С	hanges in								
			P	roportion									p	roportion								
			end	differences									and	differences								
				between	ī	differences				Total			1	oetween		Total	Pre	oportionate				
			cont	ributions and		Between				Deferred			contributions and			Deferred		Share of	C	range in		Total
			pre	oportionate		Expected				Outflows			pro	portionate		inflows		Pian	Pro	portional	Ξ	Employer
		let Pension		chares of		and Actual		Net Asset		of	(Changes in	,	shares of		of		Pension	8	hare of		Pension
Entity	Liability		Go	Contributions Experience			Loss		Resources		ssumptions	Contributions		Resources		Expense		Contribution		Expense		
Town	\$	42,278,353	\$	159,185	\$	8,497,485	\$	8,341,383	\$	16,998,053	5	1,474,219	\$	9,462	\$	1,483,681	\$	9,136,957	\$	(155,947)	\$	8,981,010
Housing		803,357		9,462		161,466		158,500		329,428		28,013		159,185		187,198		173,617		155,947		329,564
Total for All Entitles	\$	43,081,710	3	168,647	\$	8,658,951	\$	8,499,883	\$	17,327,481	\$	1,502,232	\$	168,647	\$	1,670,879	\$	9,310,574	\$	-	\$	9,310,574

See actuarial assumptions in the Town of Watertown, Massachusetts (Contributory Retirement System) audited financial statements.

WATERTOWN, MASSACHUSETTS CONTRIBUTORY RETIREMENT SYSTEM

(A Component Unit of the Town of Watertown, Massachusetts)

Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, and Other Information

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>PAGE</u>
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	6
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	7
Notes to Financial Statements	8
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability	18
Schedules of Net Pension Liability, Contributions, and Investment Returns	19
OTHER INFORMATION	
Independent Auditors' Report	20
Schedule of Employer Allocations	22
Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer	23



10 New England Business Center Dr. • Suite 107 Andover, MA 01810 (978)749-0005 melansonheath.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Retirement System Board Town of Watertown, Massachusetts

Additional Offices: Nashua, NH Manchester, NH Greenfield, MA

Ellsworth, ME

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Watertown, Massachusetts Contributory Retirement System (the System), a component unit of the Town of Watertown, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The System's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting

policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the fiduciary net position of the System as of December 31, 2015, and the respective changes in fiduciary net position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedules of Changes in the Net Pension Liability, of Net Pension Liability, of Contributions, and of Investment Returns, listed in the foregoing table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with evidence sufficient to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

March 21, 2017

Melanson Heath

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Watertown Contributory Retirement System, we offer readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the System for the year ended December 31, 2015. Unless otherwise noted, all amounts in the Management's Discussion and Analysis are expressed in thousands.

A. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements comprised of two components: (1) fund financial statements and (2) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Fund financial statements</u>. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position presents information on the System's assets and liabilities and the resulting net position held in trust for pension benefits. This statement reflects the System's investments at fair value, as well as cash, receivables and other assets and liabilities.

The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position presents information showing how the System's net position available for benefits changed during the year ended December 31, 2015. It reflects contributions by members and participating employers along with deductions for retirement benefits, refunds and transfers, and administrative expenses. Investment income during the period is also presented showing income from investing.

The Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential for the reader to gain a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

The Required Supplemental Information includes this management's discussion and analysis and Schedules of Changes in the Net Pension Liability, of Net Pension Liability, of Contributions, and of Investment Returns.

B. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

• The System's total net position available for benefits was \$140,626,611 at December 31, 2015.

- The System's net position increased by \$6,006,679 which is primarily due to increased employer contributions and investment performance.
- Employer and employee contributions to the plan were \$17,216,537 which represents a \$1,581,709 increase over the preceding year. The employer share of contributions represents 79% of the total contributions.
- Benefits paid to plan participants were \$12,583,524. At December 31, 2015, there were 419 retirees and beneficiaries in receipt of pension benefits.
- The System's funded ratio as of the December 31, 2015 actuarial report was 76.6%.

C. FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS

The following is a summary of financial statement data for the current and prior fiscal years.

FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Assets		
Cash and receivables	\$ 1,297	\$ 14,358
Investments	139,369_	120,324
Total assets	140,666	134,682
Liabilities		
Accrued payroll and other	40	<u>62</u>
Net Position	\$ 140,626	\$ <u>134,620</u>
CHANGES IN FIDUC	CIARY NET POSITION	
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Additions		
Contributions	\$ 17,754	\$ 16,139
Investment Income, net	1,613	7,756
Total Additions	19,367	23,895
Deductions		
Benefit payments	12,584	11,984
Other	<u>777</u>	965
Total Deductions	13,361	12,949
Changes in net position	6,006	10,946
Net position - beginning of year	134,620_	123,674
Net position - end of year	\$ 140,626	\$ <u>134,620</u>

The System's total assets as of December 31, 2015 were \$140,666,585 and were mostly comprised of cash and investments. Total assets increased \$5,984,150 or 4.4% from the prior year primarily due to investment performance and additional appropriation contributions from the Town of Watertown. Total liabilities as of December 31, 2015 were \$39,974. Total liabilities decreased by \$22,529 or 36% over the prior year.

The System was 76.6% funded based on its actuarial valuation of 12/31/15 with 7 years remaining in its amortization period.

The amount needed to finance benefits is accumulated through the collection of employers' and employee's contributions, reimbursements from the Commonwealth of Massachusetts for pre-1998 COLA and through earnings on investments. Contributions and net investment gain for calendar year 2015 resulted in a net gain of \$19,367,029. Employer's contributions increased by \$1,575,000. The System had net investment gain of \$1,613,405 versus a gain of \$7,756,245 in 2015.

The primary deductions of the System include the payment of pension benefits to participants and beneficiaries, refunds of contributions, and the costs of administering the System. Total deductions for 2015 were \$13,360,350, which represents an increase of 3.2% over deductions of \$12,949,388 in 2015. The payment of pension benefits increased by \$599,179 or 5% over the previous year. The increase in these expenses resulted primarily from the annual COLA increases received by retirees and their beneficiaries.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Watertown Contributory Retirement System's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to:

Watertown Contributory Retirement System
149 Main Street
Watertown, Massachusetts 02472

(A Component Unit of the Town of Watertown, Massachusetts)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

December 31, 2015

<u>ASSETS</u>

Cash and short-term investments	\$	685,587
Investments		139,369,496
Accounts receivable	_	611,502
Total Assets	\$_	140,666,585
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
Accrued payroll	\$	14,941
Other liabilities	_	25,033
Total Liabilities		39,974
Net position restricted for pensions	_	140,626,611
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$_	140,666,585

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(A Component Unit of the Town of Watertown, Massachusetts)

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Additions:		
Contributions: Employers Plan members Other systems and Commonwealth of Massachusetts Other	\$	14,023,496 3,193,041 448,997 88,090
Total contributions		17,753,624
Investment income: Appreciation in fair value of investments Less: management fees		2,572,719 (959,314)
Net investment gain	_	1,613,405
Total additions		19,367,029
Deductions: Benefit payments to plan members and beneficiaries Refunds to plan members Transfers to other systems Administrative expenses	-	12,583,524 145,990 258,898 371,938
Total deductions	_	13,360,350
Net increase (decrease)		6,006,679
Net position restricted for pensions: Beginning of year	_	134,619,932
End of year	\$_	140,626,611

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

WATERTOWN CONTRIBUTORY RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Description of Plan

Substantially all employees of the Town of Watertown (except teachers and administrators under contract employed by the School Department) and Watertown Housing Authority are members of the Watertown Contributory Retirement System (the System), a cost sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system (PERS). Eligible employees must participate in the System. The pension plan provides pension benefits, deferred allowances, and death and disability benefits. Chapter 32 of the Massachusetts General Laws establishes the authority of the System, contribution percentages and benefits paid. The System Retirement Board does not have the authority to amend benefit provisions.

Membership of the plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2015 (the latest actuarial valuation):

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	419
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefits	138
Active plan members	574
Total	1,131
Number of participating employers	2

Participant Contributions

Participants contribute a set percentage of their gross regular compensation annually. Employee contribution percentages are specified in Chapter 32 of the Massachusetts General Laws. The employee's individual contribution percentage is determined by their date of entry into the system. In addition, all employees hired on or after January 1, 1979 contribute an additional 2% on all gross regular compensation over the rate of \$30,000 per year. The percentages are as follows:

Before January 1, 1975	5%
January 1, 1975 - December 31, 1983	7%
January 1, 1984 - June 30, 1996	8%
Beginning July 1, 1996	9%

For those members entering a Massachusetts System on or after April 2, 2012 in Group 1, the contribution rate will be reduced to 6% when at least 30 years of creditable service has been attained.

Employer Contributions

Employers are required to contribute at actuarially determined rates as accepted by the Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission (PERAC).

Participant Retirement Benefits

The System provides for retirement allowance benefits up to a maximum of 80% of a member's highest three-year average annual rate of regular compensation for those hired prior to April 2, 2012 and the highest five-year average annual rate of regular compensation for those first becoming members of the Massachusetts System on or after that date. However, per Chapter 176 of the Acts of 2011, for members who retire on or after April 2, 2012, if in the 5 years of creditable service immediately preceding retirement, the difference in the annual rate of regular compensation between any 2 consecutive years exceeds 100 percent, the normal yearly amount of the retirement allowance shall be based on the average annual rate of regular compensation received by the member during the period of 5 consecutive years preceding retirement. Benefit payments are based upon a member's age, length of creditable service, level of compensation and group classification.

A retirement allowance may be received at any age, upon attaining 20 years of service. The plan also provides for retirement at age 55 if the participant was a member prior to January 1, 1978, with no minimum vesting requirements. If the participant was a member on or after January 1, 1978 and a member of Groups 1 or 2, then a retirement allowance may be received if the participant (1) has at least 10 years of creditable service, (2) is age 55, (3) voluntarily left Town employment on or after that date, and (4) left accumulated annuity deductions in the fund. Members of Group 4, have no minimum vesting requirements, however, must be at least age 55. Groups 2 and 4 require that participants perform the duties of the Group position for at least 12 months immediately prior to retirement.

A participant who became a member on or after April 2, 2012 is eligible for a retirement allowance upon 10 years creditable service and reaching ages 60 or 55 for Groups 1 and 2, respectively. Participants in Group 4 must be at least age 55. Groups 2 and 4 require that participants perform the duties of the Group position for at least 12 months immediately prior to retirement.

A retirement allowance consists of two parts: an annuity and a pension. A member's accumulated total deductions and a portion of the interest they generate constitute the annuity. The difference between the total retirement allowance and the annuity is the pension. The average retirement benefit is approximately 80-85% pension and 15-20% annuity.

Participant Refunds

Employees who resign from service and who are not eligible to receive a retirement allowance are entitled to request a refund of their accumulated total deduc-

tions. Members voluntarily withdrawing with at least 10 years of service or involuntarily withdrawing, receive 100% of the regular interest that has accrued on those accumulated total deductions. Members voluntarily withdrawing with less than 10 years of service get credited interest each year at a rate of 3%.

2. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

The System is a member of the Massachusetts Contributory Retirement Systems and is governed by Chapter 32 of the Massachusetts General Laws. Because of the significance of its operational and financial relationship with the Town, the System is included as a pension trust fund in the Town's basic financial systems. The system is governed by a five-member board. The five members include two appointed by the town, two elected by the members and retirees, and a fifth member chosen by the other four members with the approval of the Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the System as reflected in the accompanying financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015 conform to generally accepted accounting principles for public employee retirement systems (PERS). The more significant accounting policies of the System are summarized below:

Basis of Accounting

The System follows accounting policies mandated by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The accounting records are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions from the Town's employees are recognized as revenue in the period in which employees provide services to the Town.

Investments

Investment Policy

Investments are reported at fair value in accordance with PERAC requirements. System assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension plan.

Rate of Return

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expenses, was 0.782%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

3. Cash and Short-Term Investments

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's and Contributory Retirement System's (the System) deposits may not be returned. Massachusetts General Law Chapter 32, Section 23, limits the System's deposits "in a bank or trust company to an amount not exceeding ten percent of the capital and surplus of such bank or trust company." The Town and System do not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

As of December 31, 2015, \$371,677 of the System's bank balance of \$909,137 was exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured, uncollateralized, and collateral held by pledging bank's trust department not in the System's name.

4. Investments

A. Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. Massachusetts General Law, Chapter 32, Section 23, limits the investment of System funds, to the extent not required for current disbursements, in the PRIT Fund or in securities, other than mortgages or collateral loans, which are legal for the investment of funds in savings banks under the laws of the Commonwealth, provided that no more than the established percentage of assets, is invested in any one security.

The total value of investments of \$139,369,496 is held in debt and equity mutual funds which are exempt from rating disclosure.

B. Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The System does not have policies for custodial credit risk.

The System manages this risk by investing in PRIT, having Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC), excess SIPC coverage and by holding assets in separately identifiable trusts.

C. Concentration of Credit Risk

Massachusetts General Law Chapter 32, Section 23 limits the amount the System may invest in any one issuer or security type, with the exception of the PRIT Fund.

The System does not have an investment in one issuer greater than 5% of total investments.

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The System does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

E. Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in foreign exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The System does not have polices for foreign currency risk.

F. Fair Value

The System categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72 Fair Value Measurement and Application (GASB 72). The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

All investments at fair value of \$139,369,496 are measured based on net asset value.

					Redemption	
					Frequency	Redemption
			-	Unfunded	(If currently	Notice
<u>Description</u>		<u>Value</u>	<u>Cc</u>	ommitments	eligible)	<u>Period</u>
Pooled Domestic Equity Funds	\$	36,519,610	\$	-	80% monthly; 20% daily	77% 7-30 business days; 23% 5 business days
Pooled International Equity Funds		25,144,887		-	41% monthly; 59% daily	41% 5 business days; 59% 1-7 business days
Pooled Global Equity Funds		21,653,342		-	60% daily; 40% monthly	60% 1 day; 40% 30 days
Pooled Domestic Fixed Income Funds		23,939,393		-	78% daily; 12% monthly	78% 5 busines days; 12% 30 days
Pooled Global Fixed Income Funds		2,718,946		-	Daily	10 business days
Pooled Alternative Investments		4,917,131		4,123,662	N/A - illiquid	N/A - illiquid
Pooled Real Estate Funds		13,789,130		-	95% monthly; 5% illiquid	95% 5 business days; 5% illiquid
PRIT Absolute	_	10,687,057		-	Quarterly	30 days
	\$	139,369,496				

5. Accounts Receivable

Annually the Public Employee Retirement Administration (PERAC) determines the amount of employer contributions (pension appropriations) to be made to the System. The accounts receivable balance represents primarily legal amounts due from employers for pension appropriation not received until after December 31, 2015.

6. <u>Accrued Payroll/Other Liabilities</u>

This balance represents payment for salaries paid by the Town of Watertown on behalf of the System.

7. Contingencies

There are various pending claims arising in the ordinary course of operations; however, management believes that the probable liability resulting from such claims and litigation would not materially affect the System's financial position.

8. Net Pension Liability of Participating Employers

The net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation dated January 1, 2015, and rolled forward to December 31, 2015.

The components of the net pension liability of the participating employers at December 31, 2015 were as follows:

A. Net Pension Liability of Employers

Total pension liability	\$	183,505,868
Plan fiduciary net position	_	(140,626,611)
Employers' net pension liability	\$_	42,879,257
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of		
total pension liability		76.63%

B. Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation is shown below:

Valuation Date	1/1/2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	8.00%
Projected salary increases	3.50%
Inflation rate	3.00%
Post-retirement cost-of-living adjustment	3.00%

Actuarial valuation of the ongoing Systems involves estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality and future salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Mortality rates were based on both pre-retirement and post-retirement RP-2000 Mortality Table for males and females, adjusted to 2015 with Scale AA. Mortality for disabled members is represented by the RP-2000 Mortality Table set forward two years for all disabled members.

C. Target Allocations

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's targeted asset allocation as of December 31, 2015, are summarized in the following table.

Asset Class	Target Asset <u>Allocation</u>	Real Return Arithmetic <u>Basis</u>	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Core Fixed Income	20.00%	2.20%	0.44%
High Yield Fixed Income	2.50%	3.75%	0.09%
Global Fixed Income	2.50%	2.50%	0.06%
Domestic Large Cap	25.00%	5.55%	1.39%
Domestic Small Cap	5.00%	5.85%	0.29%
International Equity	22.50%	5.85%	1,32%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.10%	0.41%
Hedge Funds	7.50%	3.70%	0.28%
Private Equity	5.00%	7.75%	0.39%
Total	100.00%		4.67%
Inflation			3.00%
Expected arithmetic	nominal retu	ırn	7.67%

D. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rates by Statute. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

E. Sensitivity of Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 8%, as well as what the participating employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (7%) or 1 percentage-point higher (9%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Discount
	(7.00%)	(8.00%)	<u>(9.00%)</u>
Participating employers' net pension liabilty	\$ 61,032,095	\$ 42,879,257	\$ 27,251,796

F. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

The following schedule reflects the deferred outflows/inflows of resources for the System for the year ended December 31, 2015:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		In	eferred flows of sources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	8,685,569	\$	-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		5,973		5,973
Total	\$_	8,691,542	\$_	5,973

The following summarizes changes in deferred outflows/inflows, excluding employer-specific amounts:

				Beginning				Amortization	
				Balance		Current		of Amounts	
				on Prior	Ī	Measurement	ŧ	Recognized in	
	Measurement	Amortization	1	Measurement		Period		Current Period	End of Year
	Year	Period	. <u>P</u>	eriod Deferrals		Additions	1	Pension Expense	Balance
Deferred (Inflows) of Resources: Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	2016	5	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	7,466	\$_	(1,493) \$	5,973
Total Deferred (Inflows) of Resources			\$	_	\$	7,466	\$	(1,493) \$	5,973
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources:</u> Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	2015	4	\$	1,880,502	\$	•	\$	(470,126) \$	1,410,376
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	2016	5		-		9,093,991		(1,818,798)	7,275,193
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	2016	5		н	_	7,466		(1,493)	5,973
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources			\$	1,880,502	\$	9,101,457	\$	(2,290,417) \$	8,691,542

The following schedule reflects the amortization of the balance of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, excluding employer-specific amounts, for the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings (in thousands):

Year ended June 30:	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
2017 2018 2019 2020	\$ 2,290,417 2,290,417 2,290,417 1,820,290	\$ 1,493 1,493 1,493 1,493
Total	\$ 8,691,542	\$ 5,973

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability

(Unaudited)

	<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>
Total pension liability Service cost Interest on unfunded liability - time value of \$ Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	\$ 3,895,599 14,615,997 (13,810,095)	\$	3,745,767 14,213,781 (13,081,678)
Net change in total pension liability	4,701,501		4,877,870
Total pension liability - beginning	178,804,367	_	173,926,497
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 183,505,868	\$	178,804,367
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expense Other	\$ 14,023,496 3,193,042 1,842,184 (13,288,770) (300,358) 537,085	\$	12,465,133 3,186,332 7,674,151 (12,587,850) (279,447) 487,925
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	6,006,679		10,946,244
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	134,619,932		123,673,688
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 140,626,611	\$	134,619,932
Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a-b)	\$ 42,879,257	\$	44,184,435

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedules of Net Pension Liability, Contributions, and Investment Returns

(Unaudited)

Schedule of Net Pension Liability			
		<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Total pension liability	\$	183,505,868	\$ 178,804,367
Plan fiduciary net position	_	140,626,611	134,619,930
Net pension liability (asset)	\$_	42,879,257	\$ 44,184,437
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		76.6%	75.3%
Covered payroll	\$	31,539,610	\$ 30,326,548
Participating employer net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		136.0%	145.7%
Schedule of Contributions		<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	<u>2015</u> 14,023,496 14,023,496	\$ 2014 12,448,496 12,448,496
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ - \$	14,023,496	\$ 12,448,496
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	-	14,023,496	12,448,496
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ __	14,023,496 14,023,496	\$ 12,448,496 12,448,496
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess) Covered payroll	\$ __	14,023,496 14,023,496 - 31,539,610	\$ 12,448,496 12,448,496 - 30,326,548

Schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.



10 New England Business Center Dr. • Suite 107 Andover, MA 01810 (978)749-0005 melansonheath.com

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Retirement System Board Town of Watertown, Massachusetts

Additional Offices:

Nashua, NH Manchester, NH Greenfield, MA Ellsworth, ME

Report on Schedules

We have audited the accompanying schedule of employer allocations of the Watertown Contributory Retirement System as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015. We have also audited the total for all entities of the columns titled net pension liability, total deferred outflows of resources, total deferred inflows of resources, and total pension expense (specified column totals) included in the accompanying schedule of pension amounts by employer of the Watertown Contributory Retirement System as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Management's Responsibility for the Schedules

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these schedules in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the schedules that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on the schedule of employer allocations and the specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the schedule of employer allocations and specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the schedule of employer allocations and specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the schedule of employer allocations and specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer, whether due to fraud or

error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the schedule of employer allocations and specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the schedule of employer allocations and specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the schedules referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the employer allocations and net pension liability, total deferred outflows of resources, total deferred inflows of resources, and total pension expense for the total of all participating entities for the Watertown Contributory Retirement System as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Restriction on Use

Our report is intended solely for the information and use of Watertown Contributory Retirement System management, the Retirement Board, System employers and their auditors as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015 and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

March 21, 2017

Melanson Heath

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER ALLOCATIONS

	FY 2017	
	Required	Employer
	Employer	Allocation
Employer	Contributions	<u>Percentage</u>
Town	\$ 15,061,356	98.129%
Housing	287,140	1.870%
Total	\$ 15,348,496	100.00%

See actuarial assumptions in the Town of Watertown, Massachusetts (Contributory Retirement System) audited financial statements

SCHEDULE OF PENSION AMOUNTS BY EMPLOYER

As of and for the year ended December 31, 2015

				Deferred C	utflo	ws of Resourc	:05	Defetred inflows of Resources																																				
				Changes In	Nel	Difference				Changes in																																		
				Proportion		Belween				Proportion																																		
				and differences	F	rojected			í	end differences																																		
				between	a	nd Actual		Total		between		Total	Pr	oportionale																														
				ontributions and	lr	Investment		Deferred	contributions and Deferred		eferred		Share of		Change in		Total																											
				proportionate		proportionate		proportionate		proportionate		proportionate		proportionate		proportionate		proportionate		proportionate		proportionate		proportionate		proportionate		proportionate		Earnings on		Earnings on		Outflows prop		proportionate	-	nliows		Plan	Proportional		Employer	
	N	et Pension		shares of	Pe	nsion Plan		of		shares of	of		of		of		of		of		Pension 8		Share of Pension	Pension																				
Entity	ity Liability		ility Contributions		in	investments		Resources		Contributions		Resources		Resources		Resources		Resources		Resources		Resources		Resources		Resources		Expense	Co	entributions		Expense												
Town	- \$	42,077,071	\$	-	\$	8,523,079	\$	8,523,079	\$	5,973	\$	5,973	\$	6,326,678	\$	6,326,678	\$	6,326,678																										
Housing		802,187		5,973		162,490		168,463		-				123,658		123,658		123,658																										
Total for All Entities	\$	42,879,258	\$	5,973	\$	8,685,569	\$	8,691,542	\$	5,973	\$	5,973	\$	6,450,336	\$	6,450,336	\$	6,450,336																										

Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll

Financial Statements,
Required Supplementary Information,
and Other Information

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014 (With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	6
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	7
Notes to Financial Statements	8
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:	
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability	17
Schedules of Net Pension Liability, Contributions, and Investment Returns	18
OTHER INFORMATION:	
Independent Auditors' Report	19
Schedule of Employer Allocations	21
Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer	22



10 New England Business Center Dr. • Suite 107 Andover, MA 01810 (978) 749-0005 melansonheath.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Retirement System Board Town of Watertown, Massachusetts

Additional Offices: Nashua, NH Manchester, NH Greenfield, MA

Ellsworth, ME

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Watertown, Massachusetts Contributory Retirement System (the System), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The System's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies

used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the fiduciary net position of the System as of December 31, 2014, and the respective changes in fiduciary net position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

In 2014, the System adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedules of Changes in the Net Pension Liability, of Net Pension Liability, of Contributions, and of Investment Returns, listed in the foregoing table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with evidence sufficient to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

November 22, 2016

Melanson Heath

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Watertown Contributory Retirement System, we offer readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the System for the year ended December 31, 2014. Unless otherwise noted, all amounts in the Management's Discussion and Analysis are expressed in thousands.

A. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements comprise two components: (1) fund financial statements and (2) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Fund financial statements</u>. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position presents information on the System's assets and liabilities and the resulting net position held in trust for pension benefits. This statement reflects the System's investments at fair value, as well as cash, receivables and other assets and liabilities.

The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position presents information showing how the System's net position available for benefits changed during the year ended December 31, 2014. It reflects contributions by members and participating employers along with deductions for retirement benefits, refunds and transfers, and administrative expenses. Investment income during the period is also presented showing income from investing.

The Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential for the reader to gain a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

The Required Supplemental Information includes this management's discussion and analysis and Schedules of Changes in the Net Pension Liability, of Net Pension Liability, of Contributions, and of Investment Returns.

B. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The System's total net position available for benefits was \$134,620 at December 31, 2014.
- The System's net position increased by \$10,946 which is primarily due to the increase in the fair market value of the investments.

- Employer and employee contributions to the plan were \$16,139 which represents a \$1,956 increase over the preceding year. The employer share of contributions represents 77% of the total contributions.
- Benefits paid to plan participants were \$11,984. At December 31, 2014, there
 were 413 retirees and beneficiaries in receipt of pension benefits.
- The System's funded ratio as of the December 31, 2014 actuarial report was 75.29%.

C. FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS

The following is a summary of financial statement data for the current and prior fiscal years.

FIDUCIARY	NET I	POSITION
------------------	-------	----------

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Assets: Cash and receivables Investments	\$ 14,359 120,324	\$ 1,756 121,971
Total assets	134,683	123,727
Liabilities: Accrued payroll and other	63	53
Net Position	\$ <u>134,620</u>	\$ <u>123,674</u>
CHANGES IN FIDUC	CIARY NET POSITION	
	<u>2014</u>	<u> 2013</u>
Additions: Contributions Investment Income, net Total Additions	\$ 16,139 7,756 23,895	\$ 14,183 16,599 30,782
Deductions: Benefit payments Refunds Transfers Administrative	11,984 224 380 361	11,440 76 445 344
Total Deductions	12,949	12,305
Changes in net position	10,946	18,477
Net position - beginning of year	123,674	105,197
Net position - end of year	\$ <u>134,620</u>	\$123,674_

The System's total assets as of December 31, 2014 were \$134,683 and comprised mostly cash and investments. Total assets increased \$10,956 or 9% from the prior year primarily due to investment performance. Total liabilities as of December 31, 2014 were \$63 and were mostly comprised of accrued payroll. Total liabilities increased by \$10 or 17% over the prior year.

The System was 75.29% funded based on its actuarial valuation of December 31, 2014 with 8 years remaining in its amortization period.

The amount needed to finance benefits is accumulated through the collection of employers' and employee's contributions, reimbursements from the Commonwealth of Massachusetts for pre-1998 COLA and through earnings on investments. Contributions and net investment gain for calendar year 2014 resulted in a net gain of \$23,895. Employer's contributions increased by \$1,575. The System had net investment gain of \$7,756 versus a gain of \$16,599 in 2013.

The primary deductions of the System include the payment of pension benefits to participants and beneficiaries, refunds of contributions, and the costs of administering the System. Total deductions for 2014 were \$12,949, which represents an increase of 5.2% over deductions of \$12,305 in 2013. The payment of pension benefits increased by \$544 or 4.8% over the previous year. The increase (decrease) in these expenses resulted primarily from the annual COLA increases received by retirees and their beneficiaries.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Watertown, Contributory Retirement System's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to:

Watertown Contributory Retirement System

Town Hall

149 Main Street

Watertown, Massachusetts 02472

(A Component Unit of the Town of Watertown, Massachusetts)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

December 31, 2014

<u>ASSETS</u>

Cash and short-term investments	\$	14,114,394
Investments		120,323,871
Accounts receivable		244,170
Total Assets	\$_	134,682,435
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
Other liabilities	_	62,503
Total Liabilities		62,503
Net position restricted for pensions	_	134,619,932
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$_	134,682,435

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(A Component Unit of the Town of Watertown, Massachusetts)

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

Additions: Contributions:		
Employers	\$	12,448,496
Plan members		3,186,332
Other systems and Commonwealth of Massachusetts		477,925
Other	_	26,637
Total contributions		16,139,390
Investment income:		
Appreciation in fair value of investments		8,688,556
Less: management fees	_	(932,311)
Net investment loss	_	7,756,245
Total additions		23,895,635
Deductions:		
Benefit payments to plan members and beneficiaries		11,984,345
Refunds to plan members		223,657
Transfers to other systems		379,849
Administrative expenses	_	361,537
Total deductions	_	12,949,388
Net increase		10,946,247
Net position restricted for pensions:		
Beginning of year	_	123,673,685
End of year	\$_	134,619,932

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Description of Plan

Substantially all employees of the Town of Watertown (except teachers and administrators under contract employed by the School Department) and Watertown Housing Authority are members of the Watertown Contributory Retirement System (the System), a cost sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system (PERS). Eligible employees must participate in the System. The pension plan provides pension benefits, deferred allowances, and death and disability benefits. Chapter 32 of the Massachusetts General Laws establishes the authority of the System, contribution percentages and benefits paid. The System Retirement Board does not have the authority to amend benefit provisions.

Membership of each plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2014:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	413
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefits	121
Active plan members	533
Total	1,067
Number of participating employers	2

Participant Contributions

Participants contribute a set percentage of their gross regular compensation annually. Employee contribution percentages are specified in Chapter 32 of the Massachusetts General Laws. The employee's individual contribution percentage is determined by their date of entry into the system. In addition, all employees hired on or after January 1, 1979 contribute an additional 2% on all gross regular compensation over the rate of \$30,000 per year. The percentages are as follows:

Before January 1, 1975	5%
January 1, 1975 - December 31, 1983	7%
January 1, 1984 - June 30, 1996	8%
Beginning July 1, 1996	9%

For those members entering a Massachusetts System on or after April 2, 2012 in Group 1, the contribution rate will be reduced to 6% when at least 30 years of creditable service has been granted.

Employer Contributions

Employers are required to contribute at actuarially determined rates as accepted by the Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission (PERAC).

Participant Retirement Benefits

The System provides for retirement allowance benefits up to a maximum of 80% of a member's highest three-year average annual rate of regular compensation for those hired prior to April 2, 2012 and the highest five-year average annual rate of regular compensation for those first becoming members of the Massachusetts System on or after that date. However, per Chapter 176 of the Acts of 2011, for members who retire on or after April 2, 2012, if in the 5 years of creditable service immediately preceding retirement, the difference in the annual rate of regular compensation between any 2 consecutive years exceeds 100 percent, the normal yearly amount of the retirement allowance shall be based on the average annual rate of regular compensation received by the member during the period of 5 consecutive years preceding retirement. Benefit payments are based upon a member's age, length of creditable service, level of compensation and group classification.

A retirement allowance may be received at any age, upon attaining 20 years of service. The plan also provides for retirement at age 55 if the participant was a member prior to January 1, 1978, with no minimum vesting requirements. If the participant was a member on or after January 1, 1978 and a member of Groups 1 or 2, then a retirement allowance may be received if the participant (1) has at least 10 years of creditable service, (2) is age 55, (3) voluntarily left Town/City employment on or after that date, and (4) left accumulated annuity deductions in the fund. Members of Group 4, have no minimum vesting requirements, however, must be at least age 55. Groups 2 and 4 require that participants perform the duties of the Group position for at least 12 months immediately prior to retirement.

A participant who became a member on or after April 2, 2012 is eligible for a retirement allowance upon 10 years creditable service and reaching ages 60 or 55 for Groups 1 and 2, respectively. Participants in Group 4 must be at least age 55. Groups 2 and 4 require that participants perform the duties of the Group position for at least 12 months immediately prior to retirement.

A retirement allowance consists of two parts: an annuity and a pension. A member's accumulated total deductions and a portion of the interest they generate constitute the annuity. The difference between the total retirement allowance and the annuity is the pension. The average retirement benefit is approximately 80-85% pension and 15-20% annuity.

Participant Refunds

Employees who resign from service and who are not eligible to receive a retirement allowance are entitled to request a refund of their accumulated total deductions. Members voluntarily withdrawing with at least 10 years of service or involuntarily withdrawing, receive 100% of the regular interest that has accrued on those accumulated total deductions. Members voluntarily withdrawing with less than 10 years of service get credited interest each year at a rate of 3%.

2. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

The System is a member of the Massachusetts Contributory Retirement Systems and is governed by Chapter 32 of the Massachusetts General Laws. Because of the significance of its operational and financial relationship with the Town, the System is included as a pension trust fund in the Town's basic financial systems. The system is governed by a five-member board. The five members include two appointed by the town, two elected by the members and retirees, and a fifth member chosen by the other four members with the approval of the Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the System as reflected in the accompanying financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014 conform to generally accepted accounting principles for public employee retirement systems (PERS). The more significant accounting policies of the System are summarized below:

Basis of Accounting

The System follows accounting policies mandated by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The accounting records are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions from the Town's employees are recognized as revenue in the period in which employees provide services to the Town.

<u>Investments</u>

Investment Policy

Investments are reported at fair value in accordance with PERAC requirements. System assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension plan.

Rate of Return

For the year ended December 31, 2014, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expenses, was 6.4%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

3. Cash and Short-Term Investments

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the System's deposits may not be returned. Massachusetts General Law Chapter 32, Section 23, limits the System's deposits "in a bank or trust company to an amount not exceeding ten percent of the capital and surplus of such bank or trust company." The System does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

As of December 31, 2014, \$13,848,928 of the System's bank balance(s) of \$14,354,484 was exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured, uncollateralized, and collateral held by pledging bank's trust department not in the System's name.

4. <u>Investments</u>

A. Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. Massachusetts General Law, Chapter 32, Section 23, limits the investment of System funds, to the extent not required for current disbursements, in the PRIT Fund or in securities, other than mortgages or collateral loans, which are legal for the investment of funds in savings banks under the laws of the Commonwealth, provided that no more than the established percentage of assets, is invested in any one security.

Presented below is the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type (in thousands).

			Exempt
	Fair		From
Investment Type	<u>Value</u>	Ξ	<u>Disclosure</u>
Pooled domestic equities	\$ 22,887	\$	22,887
Pooled international equities	21,660		21,660
Pooled global equity funds	19,492		19,492
Pooled domestic fixed income	24,235		24,235
Pooled global fixed income	3,397		3,397
Pooled alternative	4,160		4,160
Pooled real estate	14,102		14,102
PRIT* Absolute	10,391		10,391
Total investments	\$ 120,324	\$	120,324

*Fair value is the same as the value of the pool share. The Pension Reserves Investment Trust was created under Massachusetts general law, chapter 32, section 22, in December 1983. The Pension Reserves Investment Trust is operated under contract with a private investment advisor, approved by the Pension Reserves Investment Management Board. The Pension Reserves Investment Management Board shall choose an investment advisor by requesting proposals from advisors and reviewing such proposals based on criteria adopted under Massachusetts general law, Chapter 30B.

B. Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The System does not have policies for custodial credit risk.

The System manages this risk by investing in PRIT, having Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC), excess SIPC coverage and by holding assets in separately identifiable trust accounts.

C. Concentration of Credit Risk

Massachusetts General Law Chapter 32, Section 23 limits the amount the System may invest in any one issuer or security type, with the exception of the PRIT Fund.

The System does not have an investment in one issuer greater than 5% of total investments.

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The System does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

E. Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in foreign exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The System does not have polices for foreign currency risk.

5. Accounts Receivable

Annually PERAC determines the amount of employer contributions (pension appropriation) to be made to the System. The accounts receivable balance represents legal amounts due from employers for the fiscal 2015 pension appropriation but not received until after December 31, 2014.

6. Other Liabilities

This balance represents accrued payroll, as well as, administrative and legal expenses paid by the System after December 31, 2014.

7. Net Pension Liability of Participating Employers

The net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation dated January 1, 2014, and rolled forward to January 1, 2015 (December 31, 2014). The components of the net pension liability of the participating employers at December 31, 2014 were as follows:

A. Net Pension Liability of Employers

Total papaign lightlity

rotal pension liability	Ψ	170,004,509
Plan fiduciary net position	_	134,619,932
Employers' net pension liability	\$_	44,184,437
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of		
total pension liability		75.29%

\$ 178 804 360

B. Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation is shown below:

Valuation Date Actuarial cost method Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return

Cost of living increases

Projected salary increases

1/1/2014 Entry Age

8.00% 3.5% per year including longevity 3% of the lesser of the pension amount and \$12,000 per year

Post-retirement cost-of-living adjustment

3.00%

Actuarial valuation of the ongoing Systems involves estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality and future salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Mortality rates were based on both pre-retirement and post retirement RP-2000 Mortality Table for males and females, adjusted to 2015 with Scale AA. Mortality for disabled members is represented by the RP-2000 Mortality Table set forward two years for all disabled members.

C. Target Allocations

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's targeted asset allocation as of December 31, 2014, are summarized in the following table.

Asset Class	Target Asset <u>Allocation</u>	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	0.0%	2.25%
Fixed Income:		
Core fixed income	20.0%	3.50%
High yield	2.5%	5.25%
Global bond	2.5%	4.00%
Domestic Equity:		
Large cap	26.0%	7.75%
Small cap	4.0%	8.05%
International equity	22.5%	8.00%
Real Estate:		
Core real estate	8.5%	6.75%
Global REIT (via PRIT Real Estate Allocation)	1.5%	6.75%
Hedge funds	7.5%	6.50%
Private equity	5.0%	8.75%
Total	100.0%	

D. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rates by Statute. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

E. Sensitivity of Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 8%, as well as what the participating employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (7%) or 1 percentage-point higher (9%) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1%	Discount	1%	
	Decrease	Rate	Discount	
1	<u>7.00%</u>	<u>8.00%</u>	<u>9.00%</u>	
Participating employers' net pension liabilty	\$ 61,872,191	\$ 44,184,437	\$ 28,957,358	

F. Deferred Outflows of Resources

The following schedule reflects the deferred outflows of resources for the System for the year ended December 31, 2014:

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments \$ 1,880,502

The following schedule reflects the amortization of the balance of deferred outflows of resources, excluding employer-specific amounts, for the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings (in thousands):

Year end	ded June 30	:	
2015		\$	470,125
2016			470,125
2017			470,125
2018			470,127
	Total	\$	1,880,502

TOWN OF WATERTOWN, MASSACHUSETTS CONTRIBUTORY RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability

(Unaudited)

		<u>2014</u>
Total pension liability Service cost Interest on unfunded liability - time value of \$ Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Interest on benefit payments	\$	3,745,769 14,213,781 (12,587,851) (493,827)
Net change in total pension liability		4,877,872
Total pension liability - beginning		173,926,497
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	178,804,369
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expense Other	\$	12,465,133 3,186,332 7,674,151 (12,587,851) (279,447) 487,929
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		10,946,247
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	1	123,673,685
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	134,619,932
Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a-b)	\$	44,184,437

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TOWN OF WATERTOWN, MASSACHUSETTS CONTRIBUTORY RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Schedules of Net Pension Liability, Contributions, and Investment Returns (Unaudited)

Schedule of Net Pension Liability		
·		<u>2014</u>
Total pension liability	\$	178,804,369
Plan fiduciary net position	-	134,619,932
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ =	44,184,437
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.29%
Covered employee payroll	\$	30,326,548
Participating employer net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered employee payroll		145.70%
Schedule of Contributions		<u>2014</u>
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	12,198,496 12,198,496
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-
Covered employee payroll	\$	30,326,548
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		40.22%
Schedule of Investment Returns Year Ended December 31 Annual money weighted rate of return, net of investment expense		<u>2014</u> 6.40%

Schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.



Independent Auditors' Report

10 New England Business Center Dr. • Suite 107 Andover, MA 01810 (978)749-0005 melansonheath.com

To the Retirement System Board Town of Watertown, Massachusetts

Additional Offices: Nashua, NH Manchester, NH Greenfield, MA Ellsworth, ME

Report on Schedules

We have audited the accompanying schedule of employer allocations (page 21) of the Watertown Contributory Retirement System as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013 and 2014. We have also audited the total for all entities of the columns titled net pension liability, total deferred outflows of resources, total deferred inflows of resources, and total pension expense (specified column totals) included in the accompanying schedule of pension amounts by employer (page 22) of the Watertown Contributory Retirement System as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014 and for the total of the column titled 12/31/13 net pension liability.

Management's Responsibility for the Schedules

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these schedules in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the schedules that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on the schedule of employer allocations and the specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the schedule of employer allocations and specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the schedule of employer allocations and specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the schedule of employer allocations and specified column totals

included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the schedule of employer allocations and specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the schedule of employer allocations and specified column totals included in the schedule of pension amounts by employer.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the schedules referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the employer allocations and net pension liability as of and for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2014 and total deferred outflows of resources, total deferred inflows of resources, and total pension expense for the total of all participating entities for the Watertown Contributory Retirement System as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Restriction on Use

Our report is intended solely for the information and use of the Watertown Contributory Retirement System management, the Retirement Board, System employers and their auditors as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014 and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

November 22, 2016

Melanson Heath

TOWN OF WATERTOWN, MASSACHUSETTS CONTRIBUTORY RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER ALLOCATIONS

<u>Employer</u>	FY2015 Actual Employer Contributions*	Employer Allocation Percentage
Town of Watertown Watertown Housing Authority Total	\$ 12,224,091 224,405 \$ 12,448,496	98.160388% 1.839612% 100.00%
<u>Employer</u>	FY2014 Actual Employer Contributions	Employer Allocation Percentage
Town of Watertown Watertown Housing Authority	\$ 10,578,163 295,333	97.283919% 2.716081%
Total	\$ <u>10,873,496</u>	100.00%

See actuarial assumptions in the Town of Watertown, Massachusetts Contributory Retirement System audited financial statements.

^{*}The fiscal year 2015 actual employer allocations were recognized as revenue in the System's calendar year-end December 31, 2014 financial statements.

TOWN OF WATERTOWN, MASSACHUSETTS CONTRIBUTORY RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHEDULE OF PENSION AMOUNTS BY EMPLOYER

As of and for the year ended December 31, 2014

			Deferred Outflow	s of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Pension Expense
			Net Difference Between			
			Projected and Actual	Total	Total Deferred	Total
	12/31/2013 Net Pension	12/31/2014 Net Pension	Investment Earnings on Pension Plan	Deferred Outflows of	Inflows of	Employer Pension
Entity	Liability	Liability	Investments	Resources	Resources	Expense \$ 5,396,868
Town of Watertown Watertown Housing Authority	\$ 48,887,904 1,364,907	\$ 43,371,615 812,822	\$ 1,845,908 34,594	\$ 1,845,908 34,594	\$ -	\$ 5,396,868 101,142
Total for All Entities	\$ 50,252,811	\$ 44,184,437	\$ 1,880,502	\$ 1,880,502	\$ -	\$ 5,498,010

See actuarial assumptions in the Town of Watertown, Massachusetts Contributory Retirement System audited financial statements.

WATERTOWN, MASSACHUSETTS CONTRIBUTORY RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		PAGE
	INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
	MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3
mag.	FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
-	Statement of Net Position Available for Benefits	6
mar)	Statement of Changes in Net Position Available for Benefits	7
ker d	Notes to Financial Statements	8
	REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	15



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

10 New England Business Center Dr. • Suite 107 Andover, MA 01810 (978) 749 0005 melansonheath.com

To the Retirement System Board Town of Watertown, Massachusetts

Additional Offices: Nashua, NH Manchester, NH Greenfield, MA Ellsworth, ME

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of net position available for benefits of the Watertown Contributory Retirement System (the System), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related statement of changes in net position available for benefits for the year then ended. The System is considered to be a component unit of the Town of Watertown's financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Watertown Retirement Board is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no

such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the statement of net position available for benefits as of December 31, 2013, and the respective changes in net position available for benefits for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and Schedule of Funding Progress be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the *Governmental Accounting Standards Board*, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with evidence sufficient to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

May 19, 2015

Melanson Heath

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Watertown Contributory Retirement System (the System), we offer readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the System for the year ended December 31, 2013.

A. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements comprised of two components: (1) financial statements, and (2) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The Statement of Net Position Available for Benefits presents information on the System's assets and liabilities and the resulting net assets held in trust for pension benefits. This statement reflects the System's investments at fair value, as well as cash, receivables, and other assets and liabilities.

The Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position Available for Benefits presents information showing how the System's net position available for benefits changed during the year ended December 31, 2013. It reflects contributions by members and participating employers along with deductions for retirement benefits, refunds and transfers, and administrative expenses. Investment income during the period is also presented showing income from investing.

The Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential for the reader to gain a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

The Required Supplemental Information includes this management's discussion and analysis and schedules of funding progress and employers' contributions.

B. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The System's total net position available for benefits was \$123,673,685 at December 31, 2013.
- The System's net position increased by \$18,476,287 which is primarily due to the increase in the fair market value of the investments.
- Employer and employee contributions to the plan were \$14,182,712 which represents a \$1,093,781 increase over the preceding year. The employer share of contributions represents 76% of the total contributions.
- Benefits paid to plan participants were \$11,439,758. At December 31, 2013, there were 401 retirees and beneficiaries in receipt of pension benefits.
- The System's funded ratio as of the January 1, 2013 actuarial report was 63.3%.

C. FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS

The following is a summary of financial statement data for the current and prior fiscal years.

NET POSITION

		<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>
Current and other assets	\$_	123,727	\$_	105,217
Total assets		123,727		105,217
Other liabilities		53	_	20
Total liabilities		53		20
Net assets: Available for benefits		123,674		105,197
Total net position	\$_	123,674	\$_	105,197
<u>CHANGES IN NE</u>	ET PO	<u>OSITION</u>		
		<u>2013</u>		<u> 2012</u>
Revenues: Contributions Investment income gain Total revenues	\$	14,183 16,599 30,782	\$	13,089 11,417 24,506
Expenses: Benefits Refunds Transfers Administrative	_	11,440 76 445 344		11,224 110 82 327
Total expenses	_	12,305	-	11,743
Change in net position		18,477		12,763
Net position - beginning of year		105,197	_	92,434
Net position - end of year	\$	123,674	\$_	105,197

The System's total assets as of December 31, 2013 were \$123,727,215 and comprised mostly cash and investments. Total assets increased by \$18,510,452 or 18% from the prior year primarily due to investment performance. Total liabilities as of December 31, 2013 were \$53,530 and comprised mostly accrued payroll.

The System was 63.3% funded based on its actuarial valuation of January 1, 2013 with 9 years remaining in its amortization period.

The amount needed to finance benefits is accumulated through the collection of employer's and employees' contributions, reimbursements from the Common-

wealth of Massachusetts for pre-1998 COLA and through earnings on investments. Contributions and net investment gain for calendar year 2013 resulted in a net gain of \$30,781,150. Employer's contributions increased by \$1,287,598. The System had net investment gain of \$16,598,438 versus a gain of \$11,417,358 in 2012.

The primary deductions of the System include the payment of pension benefits to participants and beneficiaries, refunds of contributions, and the costs of administering the System. Total deductions for 2013 were \$12,304,863, which represents an increase of 4.8% over deductions of \$11,742,697 in 2012. The payment of pension benefits increased by \$215,742 or 1.9% over the previous year. The increase in these expenses resulted primarily from the annual COLA increases received by retirees and their beneficiaries.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Watertown, Contributory Retirement System's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to:

Watertown Contributory Retirement System

Town Hall

149 Main Street

Watertown, Massachusetts 02472

WATERTOWN CONTRIBUTORY RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Statement of Net Position Available for Benefits

December 31, 2013

ASSETS

Cash and short-term investments	\$	1,420,448
Investments		121,971,147
Accounts receivable	===	335,620
Total Assets	\$_	123,727,215
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
Other liabilities	\$_	53,530
Total Liabilities		53,530
Tatal not accidion evallable for benefits		123,673,685
Total net position available for benefits	-	123,073,003
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$_	123,727,215

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

WATERTOWN CONTRIBUTORY RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Statement of Changes in Net Position Available for Benefits

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

(ma	Additions:		
	Contributions:	\$	10,873,496
	Employers Plan members	φ	2,770,416
	Other systems and Commonwealth of Massachusetts		516,029
	Other Systems and Commonwealth of Massachusetts		22,771
Larged	Other		4-1,7.1
	Total contributions		14,182,712
(Investment income:		
	Appreciation in fair value of investments		17,399,557
ismed	Less: management fees		(801,119)
	Net investment income		16,598,438
	Net investinent income	-	10,000,100
 1	Total additions		30,781,150
Lawd	Deductions:		
	Benefit payments to plan members and beneficiaries		11,439,758
-	Refunds to plan members		76,144
(24)	Transfers to other systems		445,304
	Administrative expenses		343,657
(FEEE)	Total deductions		12,304,863
	Net increase		18,476,287
1= 7			
	Net position available for benefits		
iner;	Beginning of year	•••	105,197,398
(1885)	End of year	\$_	123,673,685

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

WATERTOWN CONTRIBUTORY RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Notes to Financial Statements

1. <u>Description of Plan</u>

Substantially all employees of the Town of Watertown (except teachers and administrators under contract employed by the School Department) and Watertown Housing Authority are members of the Watertown Contributory Retirement System (the System), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS). Eligible employees must participate in the System. The pension plan provides pension benefits, deferred allowances, and death and disability benefits. Chapter 32 of the Massachusetts General Laws establishes the authority of the System, contribution percentages and benefits paid. The System Retirement Board does not have the authority to amend benefit provisions.

Membership of each plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2013:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	401
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet	404
receiving benefits	121
Active plan members	<u>518</u>
Total	1,040_
Number of participating employers	2

Participants contribute a set percentage of their gross regular compensation annually. Employee contribution percentages are specified in Chapter 32 of the Massachusetts General Laws. The employee's individual contribution percentage is determined by their date of entry into the system. In addition, all employees hired after January 1, 1979 contribute an additional 2% on all gross regular compensation over the rate of \$30,000 per year. The percentages are as follows:

Before January 1, 1975	5%
January 1, 1975 - December 31, 1983	7%
January 1, 1984 - June 30, 1996	8%
Beginning July 1, 1996	9%

Employers are required to contribute at actuarially determined rates as accepted by the Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission (PERAC).

The Town's Schedule of Employer Contributions is as follows:

Schedule of Employer Contributions:

Year Ended June 30	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
2001	\$ 4,244,346	100%
2002	\$ 4,586,000	100%
2003	\$ 5,296,038	100%
2004	\$ 5,422,000	100%
2005	\$ 5,551,000	100%
2006	\$ 6,602,724	100%
2007	\$ 6,770,135	100%
2008	\$ 7,276,020	100%
2009	\$ 7,422,874	100%
2010	\$ 7,682,371	100%
2011	\$ 8,608,733	100%
2012	\$ 8,965,000	100%
2013	\$ 9,335,898	100%
2014	\$ 10,277,718	100%

The System provides for retirement allowance benefits up to a maximum of 80% of a member's highest three-year average annual rate of regular compensation. Benefit payments are based upon a member's age, length of creditable service, level of compensation and group classification. For an employee to be eligible for service retirement (also referred to as superannuation), one of the following conditions must be met: (1) completion of 20 years of service, (2) for an employee hired prior to January 1, 1978, attainment of age 55 as an active member. (3) for an employee hired on or after January 1, 1978, attainment of age 55 as an active member and completion of 10 years of service, or (4) for a Group 1 employee hired on or after April 2, 2012, attainment of age 60 and completion of 10 years of service. A retirement allowance consists of two parts: an annuity and a pension. A member's accumulated total deductions and a portion of the interest they generate constitute the annuity. The difference between the total retirement allowance and the annuity is the pension. The average retirement benefit is approximately 80-85% pension and 15-20% annuity.

Employees who resign from service are entitled to request a refund of their accumulated total deductions. Members are eligible for refund under the following conditions: (1)The member is leaving service and does not intend to take a position in the service of the Commonwealth of any political subdivision thereof subject to the provisions of G.L. c.32 SS 1-28 and does not intend to seek to be restored to the position from which he/she was terminated; (2) The member is leaving service as above and is otherwise entitled to receive a retirement allowance but the normal yearly amount of the allowance would be

less than \$360, the member MUST receive a refund; (3) If a member is employed by two or more governmental units and enrolled in the retirement systems pertaining to each governmental unit, upon ending service in one unit, the member is entitled to a refund of the accumulated total deductions from the system in which service has ended provided that the member has contributed a lesser amount to the Annuity Savings Fund of the system in which service has ended.

Members who entered into service on or after January 1, 1984 are subject to the following limitations with respect to the refund of interest credited to their annuity accounts: (1) If the member has less than 120 months (10 years) of creditable service and has voluntarily withdrawn from service, the member will receive 3% interest on accumulated total deductions; (2) If the member has more than 120 months (10 years) of creditable service and has voluntarily withdrawn from service, the member will receive 100% interest of the regular interest on accumulated total deductions; (3) If the member was involuntarily terminated from service, the member will receive 100% of the regular interest on accumulated total deductions, regardless of his or her amount of creditable service. No interest shall be included in the accumulated total deductions paid to the member for any period after the expiration of two years from the end of the month preceding the date of his or her termination of service.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Watertown Contributory Retirement System (the System) as reflected in the accompanying financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013 conform to generally accepted accounting principles for public employee retirement systems (PERS). The more significant accounting policies of the System are summarized below:

Basis of Accounting

The System follows accounting policies mandated by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The accounting records are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions from the Town's employees are recognized as revenue in the period in which employees provide services to the Town. Investment income is recognized as earned by the pension plan. The net appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments held by the pension plan is recorded as an increase (decrease) to investment income based on the valuation of investments as of the date of the balance sheet.

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value in accordance with PERAC requirements.

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The information presented below is from the Watertown Contributory Retirement System's most recent valuation.

Schedule of Funding Progress:

		Actuarial				UAAL as
		Accrued				a Percent-
	Actuarial	Liability	Unfunded			age of
Actuarial	Value of	(AAL) -	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
<u>Date</u>	<u>(a)</u>	<u>(b)</u>	<u>(b-a)</u>	<u>(a/b)</u>	<u>(c)</u>	[(b-a)/c]
01/01/13	\$ 104,733	\$ 165,338	\$ 60,605	63.3%	\$ 27,274	222.2%
01/01/12	\$ 101,677	\$ 172,290	\$ 70,613	59.0%	\$ 25,819	273.5%
01/01/11	\$ 100,744	\$ 159,248	\$ 58,505	63.3%	\$ 25,004	234.0%
01/01/10	\$ 89,433	\$ 155,963	\$ 66,530	57.3%	\$ 25,403	261.9%
01/01/09	\$ 78,515	\$ 144,634	\$ 66,119	54.3%	\$ 25,267	261.7%
01/01/08	\$ 97,038	\$ 140,549	\$ 43,511	69.0%	\$ 24,655	176.5%

The Schedule of Funding Progress following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about the actuarial value of plan assets relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The annual required contribution of the current year was determined as part of the actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method an unfunded actuarial accrued liability of \$60.6 million was calculated. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 8.0% investment rate of return and (b) a projected salary increase of 3.5% per year. Liabilities for the cost of living increases have been assumed at an annual increase of 3% on the first \$12,000 of benefits payments. The actuarial value of assets is determined by projecting the market value of assets as of the beginning of the prior plan year with the assumed rate of return during that year (8.00%) and accounting for deposits and disbursements with interest at the assumed rate of return. An adjustment is then applied to recognize the difference between the actual investment return and expected return over a five-year period. As of December 31, 2013, the unfunded actuarially accrued liability is being amortized over ten years using an open group method.

3. Cash and Short-Term Investments

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the System's deposits may not be returned. Massachusetts General Law Chapter 32, Section 23, limits the System's deposits "in a bank or trust company to an amount not exceeding ten percent of the capital and surplus of such bank or trust company." The System does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

As of December 31, 2013, \$1,090,130 of the System's bank balance of \$1,595,676 was exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured, uncollateralized, and collateral held by pledging bank's trust department not in the System's name.

4. Investments

A. Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. Massachusetts General Law, Chapter 32, Section 23, limits the investment of System funds, to the extent not required for current disbursements, in the PRIT Fund or in securities, other than mortgages or collateral loans, which are legal for the investment of funds in savings banks under the laws of the Commonwealth, provided that no more than the established percentage of assets, is invested in any one security.

Presented below is the actual rating as of year end for each investment type (in thousands).

		Exempt
Fair		From
<u>Value</u>		<u>Disclosure</u>
\$ 12,392	\$	12,392
21,566		21,566
20,492		20,492
20,186		20,186
21,394		21,394
2,964		2,964
3,700		3,700
9,436		9,436
9,841		9,841
\$ 121,971	\$	121,971
	\$ 12,392 21,566 20,492 20,186 21,394 2,964 3,700 9,436 9,841	Value \$ 12,392 \$ 21,566 20,492 20,186 21,394 2,964 3,700 9,436 9,841

*Fair value is the same as the value of the pool share. The Pension Reserves Investment Trust was created under Massachusetts General Law, Chapter 32, Section 22, in December 1983. The Pension Reserves Investment Trust is operated under contract with a private investment advisor, approved by the Pension Reserves Investment Management Board. The Pension Reserves Investment Management Board shall choose an investment advisor by requesting proposals from advisors and reviewing such proposals based on criteria adopted under Massachusetts General Law, Chapter 30B.

B. Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a govern-

ment will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The System does not have policies for custodial credit risk.

All of the System's investments are exposed to custodial credit risk exposure because the related securities are uninsured, unregistered and/or held by the System's brokerage firm, which is also the Counterparty to the securities. The System manages this risk with investing in PRIT, having Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC), excess SIPC coverage and because the assets are held in separately identifiable trust accounts.

C. Concentration of Credit Risk

Massachusetts General Law Chapter 32, Section 23 limits the amount the System may invest in any one issuer or security type, with the exception of the PRIT Fund.

The System does not have an investment in one issuer greater than 5% of total investments.

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The System does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

E. Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in foreign exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The System does not have polices for foreign currency risk.

5. Accounts Receivable

This balance represents the Watertown Housing Authority pension appropriation, open trades, and member payroll deductions not received until after December 31, 2013.

6. Other Liabilities

This balance represents accrued payroll, as well as, administrative and legal expenses paid by the System after December 31, 2013.

7. Implementation of New GASB Standards

The GASB has issued Statement 67 Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, which is required to be implemented in year 2015. Management's current assessment is that this pronouncement will have a significant impact on the System's basic financial statements, requiring significant new disclosures and supplementary information.

TOWN OF WATERTOWN, MASSACHUSETTS SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

December 31, 2013
(Unaudited)
(Amounts Expressed in thousands)

Employees' Retirement System

		Actuarial Accrued				UAAL as a Percent-
	Actuarial	Liability	Unfunded			age of
Actuarial	Value of	(AAL) -	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
<u>Date</u>	<u>(a)</u>	<u>(b)</u>	<u>(b-a)</u>	<u>(a/b)</u>	<u>(c)</u>	[(b-a)/c]
01/01/13	\$ 104,733	\$ 165,338	\$ 60,605	63.3%	\$ 27,274	222.2%
01/01/12	\$ 101,677	\$ 172,290	\$ 70,613	59.0%	\$ 25,819	273.5%
01/01/11	\$ 100,744	\$ 159,248	\$ 58,505	63.3%	\$ 25,004	234.0%
01/01/10	\$ 89,433	\$ 155,963	\$ 66,530	57.3%	\$ 25,403	261.9%
01/01/09	\$ 78,515	\$ 144,634	\$ 66,119	54.3%	\$ 25,267	261.7%
01/01/08	\$ 97,038	\$ 140,549	\$ 43,511	69.0%	\$ 24,655	176.5%
01/01/07	\$ 89,579	\$ 132,670	\$ 43,091	67.5%	\$ 23,088	186.6%
01/01/06	\$ 77,395	\$ 130,485	\$ 53,090	59.3%	\$ 22,327	237.8%
01/01/04	\$ 72,564	\$ 120,700	\$ 48,136	60.1%	\$ 21,674	222.1%
01/01/02	\$ 70,633	\$ 111,494	\$ 40,861	63.4%	\$ 19,735	207.0%
01/01/01	\$ 66,804	\$ 100,876	\$ 34,072	66.2%	\$ 19,379	175.8%
01/01/00	\$ 67,486	\$ 93,901	\$ 26,415	71.9%	\$ 18,232	144.9%

See Independent Auditors' Report.

